

$$T = T_{J_1} + T_k + T_{B_{12}}$$

$$T = J_1 \frac{d^2 \theta_1}{dt^2} + k(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + B_{12} \frac{d(\theta_1 - \theta_2)}{dt}$$

①

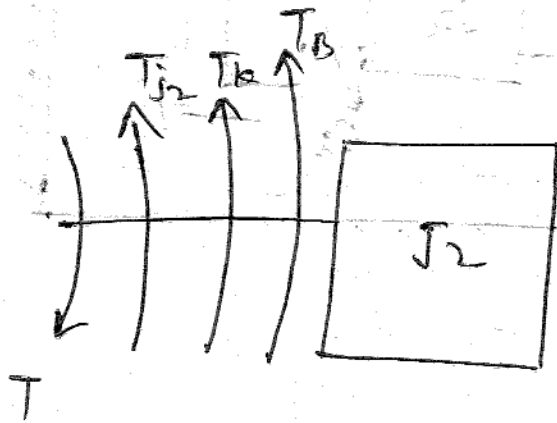
Taking Laplace transform,
we get

$$T(s) = J_1 s^2 \theta_1(s) + k \theta_1(s) - k \theta_2(s) + B_{12} [s \theta_1(s) - s \theta_2(s)]$$

$$\begin{aligned} T(s) &= J_1 s^2 \theta_1(s) + k \theta_1(s) - k \theta_2(s) \\ &\quad + B_{12} s \theta_1(s) - B_{12} s \theta_2(s) \\ &= \theta_1(s) [J_1 s^2 + k + B_{12} s] \\ &\quad - \theta_2(s) [k + B_{12} s] \end{aligned}$$

$$T(s) = \theta_1(s) [J_1 s^2 + k + B_{12} s] - \theta(s) [k + B_{12} s]$$

①



$$T = T_{j_2} + T_k + T_B + T_{B_{12}}$$

$$= J_2 \frac{d^2 \theta}{dt^2} + k(\theta - \theta_1) + B \frac{d(\theta - \theta_1)}{dt} + B_{12} \frac{d\theta_1}{dt}$$

Taking Laplace transform,

$$0 = T(s) = J_2 s^2 \theta(s) + k \theta(s) - k \theta_1(s)$$

$$+ B s \theta(s) - B s \theta_1(s) +$$

$$B_{12} s \theta_1(s)$$

$$- B_{12} s \theta(s)$$

$$0 = \theta(s) [J_2 s^2 + k + B s - B_{12} s]$$

$$- \theta_1(s) [k + B s + B_{12} s]$$

②

$$\Rightarrow \theta(s) [\sqrt{2} s^2 + k + Bs - B_{12} s] = \theta_1(s) [k + Bs + B_{12} s]$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta(s) [\sqrt{2} s^2 + k + Bs - B_{12} s] =$$

$$\theta(s) = \frac{\theta(s) [\sqrt{2} s^2 + k + Bs - B_{12} s]}{k + Bs + B_{12} s} \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

Put (3) in (1) = (3) s

$$T(s) = \frac{\theta(s) [\sqrt{2} s^2 + k + Bs - B_{12} s] [\sqrt{1} s^2 + k + B_{12} s]}{k + Bs + B_{12} s} - \theta(s) [k + B_{12} s]$$

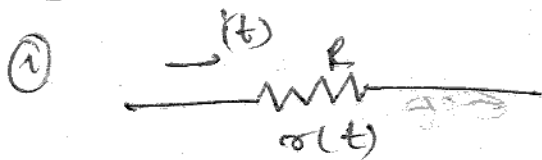
$$= \theta(s) \left[\frac{(\sqrt{2} s^2 + k + Bs - B_{12} s) (\sqrt{1} s^2 + k + B_{12} s - (k + B_{12} s))}{k + Bs + B_{12} s} \right]$$

$$\frac{\theta(s)}{T(s)} = \frac{k + Bs + B_{12} s}{(\sqrt{2} s^2 + k + Bs - B_{12} s) (\sqrt{1} s^2 + k + B_{12} s) - (k + B_{12} s) (k + Bs + B_{12} s)}$$

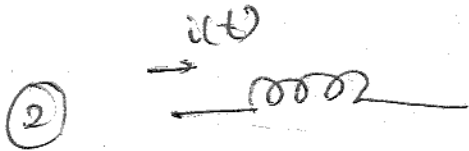
Ans

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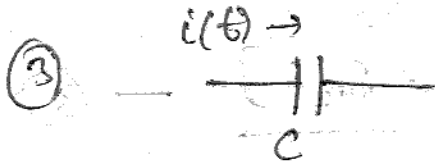
30/6/11



$$v(t) = i(t)R \Rightarrow \boxed{i(t) = \frac{v(t)}{R}}$$



$$v(t) = L \frac{di}{dt} \Rightarrow \boxed{i(t) = \frac{1}{L} \int v dt}$$



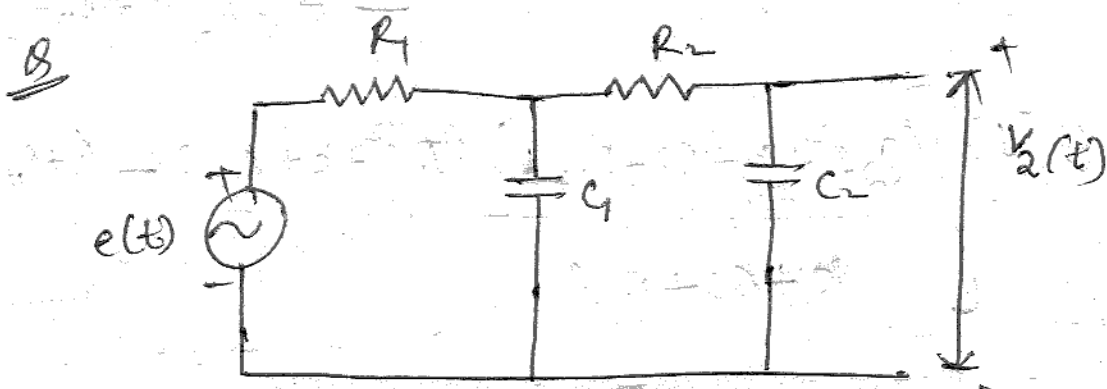
$$v(t) = \frac{1}{C} \int \frac{di(t)}{dt} dt$$

\Rightarrow

$$\boxed{i(t) = C \frac{dv(t)}{dt}}$$

⑧

Find the transfer function :-

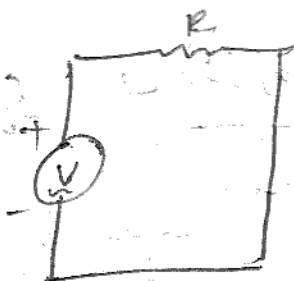


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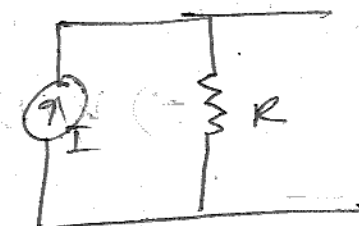
The transfer function is $\frac{V_2(t)}{e(t)}$

$$I = \frac{V(t)}{R}$$

$$I = \frac{1}{L} \int V dt$$

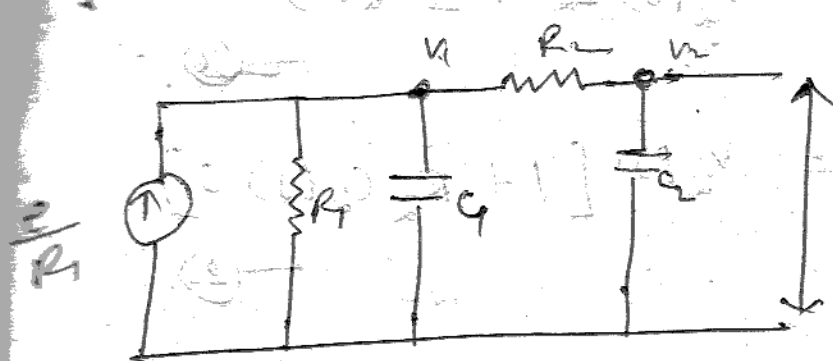


↓ Equi



$$I = \frac{V}{R}$$

$$I = \frac{V}{R}$$



at node 1

$$\frac{V_1}{R_1} + C_1 \frac{dV_1}{dt} + \frac{V_1 - V_2}{R_2} = \frac{e}{R_1}$$

Apply Laplace transform,

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_1(s)}{R_1} + C_1(s) \frac{dV_1(s)}{dt} + \frac{V_1(s) - V_2(s)}{R_2} = \frac{e(s)}{R_1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_1(s)}{R_1} + C_1(s) \cdot s V_1(s) + \frac{V_1(s) - V_2(s)}{R_2} = \frac{e(s)}{R_1} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

at node 2,

$$\frac{V_2 - V_1}{R_2} + C_2 \frac{dV_2}{dt} = 0$$

Applying Laplace transform,

$$\frac{V_2(s) - V_1(s)}{R_2} + C_2(s) \frac{dV_2(s)}{dt} = 0 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$\frac{V_2(s) - V_1(s)}{R_2} + C_2(s) s V_2(s) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \therefore \frac{V_1(s)}{R_2} = \frac{V_2(s)}{R_2} + C_2(s) s V_2(s)$$

$$\Rightarrow V_1(s) = V_2(s) + R_2 C_2(s) \cdot s V_2(s)$$

$$V_1(s) = V_2(s) [1 + R_2 C_2(s) s]$$

from ①,

$$\frac{V_1(s)}{R_1} + C_1(s) s V_1(s) + \frac{V_1(s)}{R_2} - \frac{V_2(s)}{R_2} = \frac{E(s)}{R_1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_1(s)}{R_1} \left[1 + C_1(s) \cdot s + \frac{R_1}{R_2} \right] - \frac{V_2(s)}{R_2} = \frac{E(s)}{R_1}$$

$$(1 + s R_2 C_2) V_2(s) \left[\frac{1}{R_1} + s C_1 + \frac{1}{R_2} \right] = \frac{V_2(s)}{R_2} + \frac{E(s)}{R_1}$$

\Rightarrow

$$\frac{(1 + s R_2 C_2) (R_2 + R_1 + s C_1 R_1 R_2 - R_1) V_2(s)}{R_1 R_2} = \frac{E(s)}{R_1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_2(s)}{E(s)} = \frac{R_2}{(1 + s R_2 C_2) (R_2 + R_1 + s C_1 R_1 R_2 - R_1)}$$